

**REPORT ON THE
2004 EXPLORATION PROGRAM
ON THE TYPHOON GROUP PROPERTY,
CLEAR CREEK AREA, YUKON**

By

Scott Casselman B.Sc, P. Geo.
Aurora Geosciences Ltd
108 Gold Road
Whitehorse, Yukon, Y1A 2W3

For

Curlew Lake Resources Inc.
B-104, 20641 Logan Avenue
Langley, British Columbia, V3A 7R3

Location: Latitude 63° 50' N, Longitude 137° 20' W
Mining District: Dawson
NTS: 115P/14
Date: November 2004

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1.0	Summary	1
2.0	Introduction and Terms of Reference.....	2
3.0	Disclaimer	2
4.0	Property Description and Location.....	2
5.0	Accessibility, Climate, Local Resources, Infrastructure And Physiography	4
6.0	History	6
7.0	Geological Setting	7
7.1	Regional Geological Setting.....	7
7.2	Property Geology	7
8.0	Deposit Types.....	9
9.0	Mineralization	9
10.0	2003 and 2004 Exploration Programs	9
11.0	Geochemical Analytical Procedure and Data Verification	9
12.0	Mineral Processing and Metallurgical Testing.....	9
13.0	Mineral Resource and Reserve Estimates	10
14.0	Other Relevant Data and Information	10
15.0	Interpretation and Conclusions.....	10
16.0	Recommendations	11
17.0	Statement of Expenditures.....	12
18.0	References	13

Figures

1	Property Location Map.....	3
2	Claim Map.....	5
3	Regional Geology Map	8
4	Soil Sample Location Map.....	In Pocket
5	Soil Sample Gold Geochemistry	In Pocket
6	Soil Sample Silver Geochemistry.....	In Pocket
7	Soil Sample Arsenic Geochemistry.....	In Pocket

Tables

1	Claim Information	4
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Appendices

Appendix I	Statement of Qualifications
Appendix II	Geochemical Analytical Certificates
Appendix III	Crew Log
Appendix IV	Minfile Occurrences

1.0 SUMMARY

Curlew Lake Resources Inc. contracted Aurora Geosciences Ltd to conduct an exploration program on the Typhoon Group Property in the Clear Creek area, Yukon, during the fall of 2004. The program consisted of claim staking and soil sampling. Aurora provided a crew of two persons to conduct the exploration program. This report includes a review of historical exploration work conducted in the area by other operators.

The exploration program consisted of establishing a grid using a hipchain and marking with flagging. Line spacing was 200 m and samples were collected at 50 m station intervals. The soil sample program identified two small, weakly anomalous gold values and a larger region in the east-central part of the grid that has coincident anomalous gold and arsenic. Gold-in-soil values were as high as 87.4 ppb and arsenic values up to 19.6 ppm. The anomaly is open to the east and south.

Recommendations for future work on the property are to fill-in the soil sample grid at 100 m line spacing and 25 m station spacing and to extend the grid eastward to better define and close-off the gold-in-soil anomaly. The claim holdings should be extended eastward to protect any extensions of the gold anomaly in that direction. The follow-up program would also include a geological mapping program and magnetometer survey to look for any buried intrusive rocks in the area. This would be followed by hand trenching to determine the cause of the gold-in-soil anomaly at the east side of the grid. An estimated budget for this program is \$40,000.

2.0 INTRODUCTION AND TERMS OF REFERENCE

Curlew Lake Resources Inc. contracted Aurora Geosciences Ltd to conduct an exploration program on the Typhoon Group Property during the fall of 2004. The program consisted of staking an additional 8 claims on the property and establishing a soil sample grid. The crew originally intended to conduct a geological mapping program on the property; however shortly after arriving at the property a snowstorm blanketed the property with 20 cm of snow.

The crew consisted of Kel Sax (geological engineer) and Andrea Langerud (geological technician). The crew mobilized to the property from Whitehorse on September 10 and established a tent camp for the duration of the program. The Breeze 1 to 8 claims were staked on September 11 and recorded in Dawson on September 13. Andrea Langerud initiated the soil-sampling program on September 13 and both crew members completed the soil survey from September 14 through 16. The crew had other work in the area and mobilized back to Whitehorse on September 21.

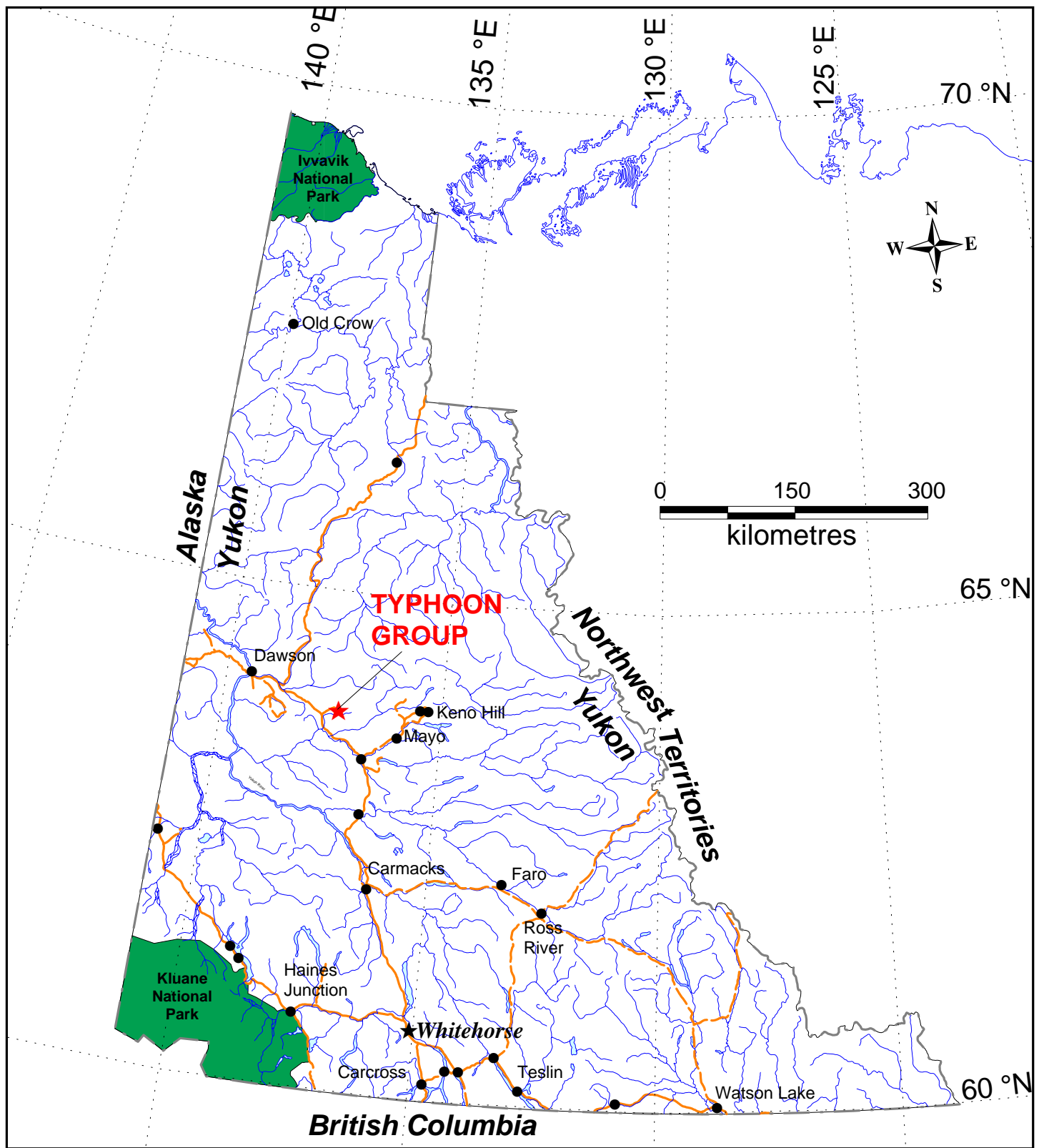
This report includes a review of historical exploration work conducted in the area by other operators. The author is a professional geologist and supervised the crew conducting the field program. However, the author has not set foot on the property. The author has relied on data, interpretation, and information supplied by others noted above and listed in the References: primarily assessment reports on record with the Yukon Territorial Government (previously federal Department of Indian and Northern Affairs).

3.0 DISCLAIMER

Historical data referenced in the preparation of this report was compiled by geoscientists that were employed by other companies that have worked in the area. These individuals would be classified as “qualified persons” today, although that designation did not exist when most of the historic work was done. The author assumes no responsibility for the interpretations and inferences made by these individuals prior to the inception of the “qualified person” designation.

4.0 PROPERTY DESCRIPTION AND LOCATION

The Typhoon Group Property is located 360 km north of Whitehorse or 73 km west-northwest of Mayo, Yukon. The claims are on 65 Pup Creek, a small tributary of Left Clear Creek on NTS map sheet 115P/14 in the Dawson Mining District and are centered at 63° 50' 00" latitude and 137° 20' longitude (Figure 1).



**CURLEW LAKE RESOURCES LTD
 TYPHOON GROUP PROPERTY
 LOCATION MAP**

Figure 1 December 12, 2004

The claims are plotted on Figure 2. Claim information is as follows:

Table 1. Claim Information

Claim Name	Grant Number	Expiry Date *
WIND 1 to 3	YC28846 to YC28848	September 17, 2009
ZEPHYR 1 to 3	YC28849 to YC28851	September 17, 2009
STORM 1 to 3	YC28852 to YC28854	September 17, 2009
GALE 1 to 3	YC28855 to YC28857	September 17, 2009
BREEZE 1 to 8	YC34617 to YC34624	September 13, 2010

*Pending acceptance of this report for assessment purposes.

The Wind, Zephyr, Storm and Gale claims are owned 100% by William A. Black of the Kingfisher Syndicate and are under option to Curlew Lake Resources Inc to acquire 100% interest for staged cash payments totalling \$17,000 and one lump sum issuance of 200,000 shares of Curlew Lake Resource Inc stock due by December 31, 2004. Curlew Lake Resources Inc owns the Breeze claims 100%.

The land in which the mineral claims are situated is Crown Land and falls under the jurisdiction of the Government of Yukon. First Nation Settlement Land areas belonging to the Tr'ondek Hwech'in First Nation lie 3 km northwest of the mineral claims, on the north side of the Barlow Dome access road.

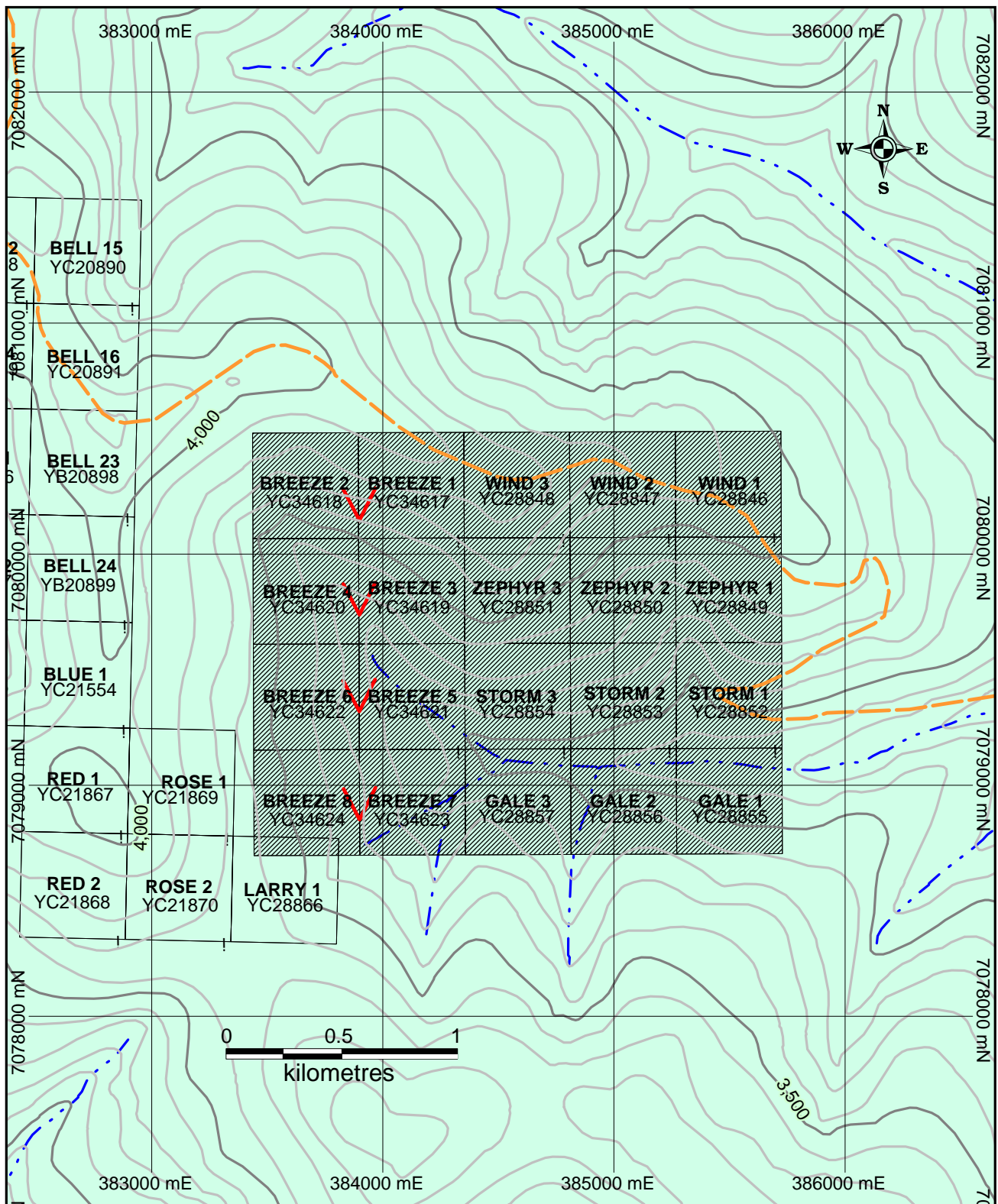
5.0 ACCESSIBILITY, CLIMATE, LOCAL RESOURCES, INFRASTRUCTURE AND PHYSIOGRAPHY

The project area is accessible by the Barlow Dome Road, a narrow gravel road that runs along the ridge on the north side of Clear Creek from the North Klondike Highway near Barlow Lake, for approximately 20 km to the property.

The project area is in the Syenite Range Mountains on the north side of the Tintina Trench. The property covers a south-facing slope in gentle rounded mountainous terrain. Elevations range from about 2000 feet to 4000 feet above sea level. The property area is sparsely treed, with spruce, pine, birch, alder, and locally with considerable buck brush.

The area experiences cold dry winters and hot dry summers. Snow usually begins accumulating in late September or early October and is generally melted by late May to early June. Temperatures range from highs in the mid 30^o's in summer to lows of -50^o C in winter. North facing slopes are generally underlain by permafrost.

The nearest major city centre is Dawson, a supply centre for this region with an ample labour force. Power is available along the North Klondike Highway. Water resources are abundant in the project area in flowing streams.



**CURLEW LAKE RESOURCES LTD
TYPHOON GROUP PROJECT
CLAIM LOCATION MAP**

Dawson Mining District 115P/14
Figure 2 November 16, 2004

Scale = 1:25,000

NAD 83 UTM, Zone 8

Magnetic declination = 29.16 deg.

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6.0 HISTORY

The Clear Creek area has a long history of placer gold production and mineral exploration for silver, gold, antimony, copper, tin and tungsten. The majority of work has been conducted on the Clear Creek Property located on Left Clear Creek, 3 km east of the Typhoon Group Property.

In 1971, a joint venture between Silver Standard Mines Ltd and Canada Tungsten Mining Corp staked claims in the area following the release of GSC Open File 51 indicating anomalous tungsten, gold and tin in the area. United Keno Hill Mines Ltd and Standard Oil Company of B.C. Ltd also acquired land in the area during this time. The staking generally occurred in the Left Clear Creek area. These companies conducted soil sampling and geological mapping programs on their properties.

In 1978 and 1979, Cominco Ltd conducted programs of stream sediment sampling, soil sampling and prospecting on their NEL claims at the headwaters of Forty Mile Creek, 20 km to the northeast of the Typhoon Group Property. They were focused on anomalous tin and silver values indicated on government regional stream sediment geochemical samples in the area. They obtained very anomalous Sn values up to 18,100 ppm from stream sediment samples.

In 1980 - 81 Canada Tungsten Mining Corporation Ltd. acquired large blocks of claims through staking and options in the Dublin Gulch and Clear Creek areas and carried out extensive programs, in search of tungsten and, to a much lesser extent, tin and gold. On Left Clear Creek, Canada Tungsten did extensive mapping and geochemical surveys. Some trenching and sampling was done on tungsten bearing skarns but no work was done to follow up on geochemical gold anomalies. The original claim group was gradually reduced to the Rain and Wind claims, which consisted of several non-contiguous claims covering various mineral showings and anomalies. Canada Tungsten later dropped its option.

In 1986, prospector Scottie Thom discovered gold-bearing massive pyrite float on the south side of Left Clear Creek. In 1987, placer operations conducted by Blackstone Placer Mining Company encountered heavy pyrite mineralization in a deep trench cutting into bedrock. The showing and properties were later optioned by Secret Pass Minerals Corp and, in 1987, they conducted a program of line cutting, geophysical surveying, soil and rock sampling. The property was later optioned to Cambridge Resources Ltd, who in 1989 conducted trenching and drilled 276 m in 4 diamond drill holes. The drill program encountered one significant intersection containing 0.546 oz/t gold over 0.49 m.

In 1995, Kennecott Canada Inc optioned the Clear Creek Property and conducted an extensive program of soil sampling, geological mapping, trenching, road construction and reverse circulation drilling on the Rhosgobel Stock. Kennecott dropped its option later that year. In 1996, New Millenium Mining Inc acquired the project and in the fall 2004 it signed a deal to vend the project to Stratagold Corp.

The only known work conducted on the Typhoon Group Property is the collection of 16 soil samples and 5 stream sediment samples during the staking of the claims in 2003. The program returned some moderately anomalous gold values.

7.0 GEOLOGICAL SETTING

7.1 Regional Geological Setting

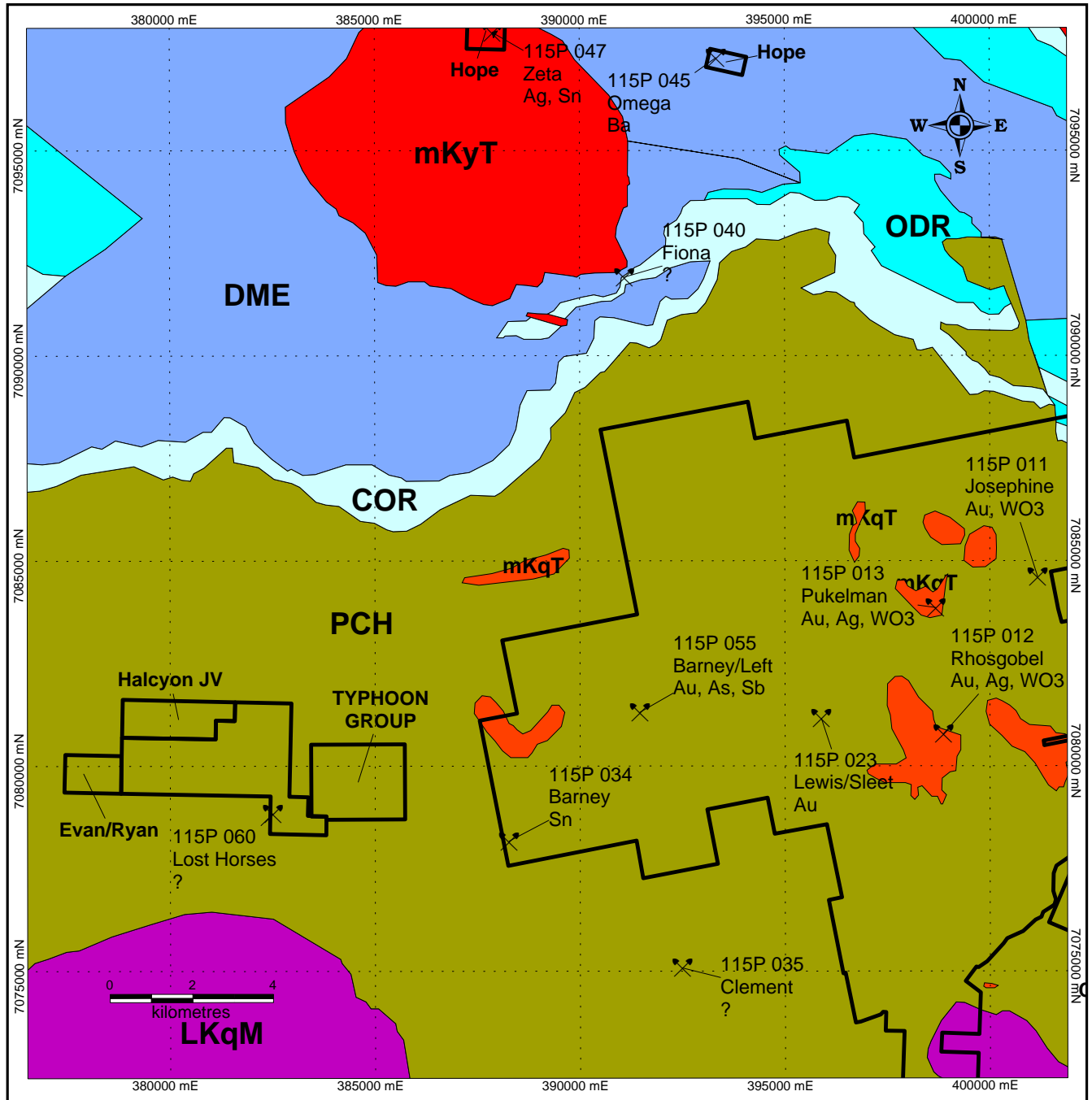
The Typhoon Group Property is underlain by an inlier of Upper Proterozoic to Lower Cambrian rocks of the Hyland Group. The Hyland Group is overlain by Upper Cambrian and Ordovician Rabbitkettle Formation, which is in turn overlain by the Ordovician to Lower Silurian Road River Group and capped by the Devonian to Mississippian Earn Group.

The Hyland Group (**PCH**) is comprised of thin to thick bedded, brown to pale green shale, fine to coarse grained quartz-rich sandstone, quartz pebble conglomerate, argillaceous limestone, phyllite, psammite and minor marble (Gordey, et. Al., 1999). The Rabbitkettle Formation (**COR**) consists of thin bedded, wavy banded, silty limestone and grey lustrous calcareous phyllite, limestone breccia and conglomerate, laminated grey siltstone, chert, slate and local mafic flows, breccia and tuff. The Road River Group (**ODR**) is comprised of black graptolitic shale and chert, minor argillaceous limestone and dolomitic siltstone. The Earn Group (**DME**) consists of thin-bedded slate with interbedded chert-quartz arenite and wacke, chert pebble conglomerate, black siliceous siltstone, nodular and bedded barite and rare limestone.

The layered rocks are intruded by mid-Cretaceous Tombstone Suite intrusions to the north and east and by lower Cretaceous McQueston Suite intrusions to the south. Two types of Tombstone Suite intrusion are recognized in the area; medium to coarse-grained biotite-hornblende-clinopyroxene syenite, quartz syenite, granite, monzogranite, diorite and tinguaitite (**mKyT**); and medium- to coarse-grained, locally porphyritic biotite hornblende, clinopyroxene quartz monzonite and granodiorite (**mKqT**). The McQueston Suite is comprised of medium- to coarse-grained, locally porphyritic and k-feldspar megacrystic biotite ± muscovite granite and quartz monzonite.

7.2 Property Geology

There is no record of any property scale geological mapping having been conducted on the Typhoon Group Property. The regional geological mapping shows the property to be completely underlain by Hyland Group shale, sandstone, quartz pebble conglomerate, argillaceous limestone, phyllite, psammite and minor marble.



GEOLOGICAL LEGEND

- DME**
 Devonian and Mississippian - Earn Assemblage
 Slate with black, siliceous shale and chert-quartz arenite and wacke, chert pebble conglomerate, bedded barite and rare limestone

- ODR**
 Ordovician to Lower Devonian - Road River Assemblage
 Shale and black chert, siltstone and argillaceous limestone

- COR**
 Upper Cambrian and Ordovician - Rabbitkettle Assemblage
 Silty limestone and calcareous phyllite, limestone breccia and conglomerate and quartzose siltstone

- PCH**
 Upper Proterozoic to Lower Cambrian - Hyland Assemblage
 Shale, quartz-rich sandstone, quartz pebble conglomerate, argillaceous limestone and phyllite

- mKyT**
 mid Cretaceous - Tombstone Suite
 Biotite-hornblende-clinopyroxene syenite, quartz syenite, granite, monzogranite and tinguaita

- mKqT**
 medium to coarse-grained porphyritic biotite-hornblende, clinopyroxene granite, quartz monzonite and granodiorite

- LKqM**
 Lower Cretaceous - McQueston Suite
 Medium- to coarse-grained porphyritic K-feldspar biotite-muscovite granite and quartz monzonite

Yukon Minfile occurrence #
 Name
 Commodities

scale = 1:150,000
 NAD 83 UTM, zone 8

CURLEW LAKE RESOURCES LTD
TYPHOON GROUP PROJECT
REGIONAL GEOLOGY MAP
Dawson Mining District 115P/14
Figure 3 November 18, 2004

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8.0 DEPOSIT TYPES

The Clear Creek area is within the “Tintina Gold Belt” and has a long history of placer gold production and mineral exploration for silver, gold, antimony, copper, tin and tungsten. A number of Intrusive-hosted gold deposits and occurrences have been discovered in the area associated with Tombstone Suite intrusive bodies. The most significant of which is the Dublin Gulch Deposit, located 80 km east of the Typhoon Group Property. The Dublin Gulch deposit has reserves of 50.8 million tonnes containing 0.93 g/t gold. Other Tintina Gold Belt occurrences in the area are the Clear Creek Property located 3 km east of Typhoon and the Sheelite Dome Property located 50 km to the east.

9.0 MINERALIZATION

No mineralization has yet been discovered on the Typhoon Property. However in the Left Clear Creek valley a number of quartzite boulders have been discovered containing abundant pyrite in quartz sericite clay altered rocks. On the Clear Creek Property scheelite and auriferous arsenopyrite are found in quartz veined granite stocks at the Rhosgobel, Josephine, Lewis and Pukelman minfile occurrences. Scheelite and molybdenite are also found in sheeted quartz and potassium feldspar veins at Pukelman.

10.0 2004 EXPLORATION PROGRAM

The 2004 exploration program on the Typhoon Group Property consisted of one day of claim staking to expand the property holdings and four days to establish a grid and collect soil sample samples. The grid was established by compass and hip chain with lines nominally spaced 200 m apart and samples spaced 50 m along the lines. A total of 147 soil samples were collected.

11.0 GEOCHEMICAL ANALYTICAL PROCEDURE and DATA VERIFICATION

All samples were sent to Acme Analytical Laboratories in Vancouver for processing. Acme is an ISO 9002 accredited facility.

The analytical procedure consisted of drying the samples then sieving to -80 mesh. A 15.0 gm sample of the -80-mesh material was then digested in 90 ml of aqua-regia solution and diluted to 300 ml with distilled water. This solution was then analyzed for gold and 36 elements by Inductively Coupled Plasma Mass Spectrometry (ICP-MS). Geochemical Analytical Certificates for the 2003 program are included in Appendix II.

12.0 MINERAL PROCESSING AND METALLURGICAL TESTING

To the knowledge of the author, no mineral processing or metallurgical testing has been conducted on materials from the Typhoon Group Property described in this report.

13.0 MINERAL RESOURCE AND MINERAL RESERVE ESTIMATES

To the knowledge of the author, no mineral resource or reserve estimate has been calculated on the Typhoon Group Property described in this report.

14.0 OTHER RELEVANT DATA AND INFORMATION

It is the author's opinion that there is no additional information or explanation necessary to make this technical report understandable and not misleading.

15.0 INTERPRETATION AND CONCLUSIONS

Soil sample locations are plotted on Figure 4, soil sample results for gold, silver and arsenic are plotted on Figures 5, 6 and 7, respectively. Statistical analysis of the soil sample data for gold, silver and arsenic returned the following statistics:

Element	<u>Ag</u>	<u>Au</u>	<u>As</u>
# of samples	147	147	147
Average	0.0 ppm	3.3 ppb	7.5 ppm
Standard Deviation	0.1 ppm	7.5 ppb	2.7 ppm

The results for silver returned no anomalous values with the majority of samples being below detection limits (ie. < 0.1 ppm). The gold geochemistry returned a significant anomalous region on the eastern part of line 79700N and 79900 N. The highest gold-in-soil value is 87.4 ppb, which is substantially anomalous for this area. The anomaly is open to the east and may extend further south, as there is a gap of 600 m to line 79100N. This area also has a coincident arsenic-in-soil anomaly at the ends of lines 79700N, 79900N and 80100N. The As values range from 12.5 to 19.6 ppm.

A weak gold anomaly of 9.3 ppb with no significant arsenic values is observed on line 80300N at 550E and another weak, single station gold anomaly of 10.7 ppb occurs at the east end of line 79100N.

16.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

Recommendations for future work on the property are to fill-in the soil sample grid at 100 m intervals and 25 m station spacing and to extend the grid eastward to better define and close-off the gold-in-soil anomaly. The claim holdings may also be extended eastward to protect any extensions of the anomalous gold values in that direction.

A mapping program should be conducted throughout the property and may require some pits be dug if the bedrock exposure is poor. As well, a magnetometer survey is recommended on the grid to determine if there are any buried intrusive rocks in the area.

Finally, some hand trenching may be required to determine the cause of the gold-in-soil anomaly at the east side of the grid. An estimated budget for this program is \$40,000.

Respectfully Submitted,

Scott Casselman, B.Sc., P.Geol
Geologist

18.0 REFERENCES

- Deklerk, R., 2002. Yukon Minfile, 2002, A Database of Mineral Occurrences. Exploration and Geological Services Division, Yukon Region, Indian and Northern Affairs Canada.
- Feulgen, S. and Stephen, J. C., 1989. Initial Diamond Drilling Report on the Rain, Wind, Sleet Claims, Left Clear Creek, Yukon. Yukon Territorial Government Assessment Report # 92752.
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- Nagy, L. J., 1979. Geochemical Report on the NEL Claims 1-23. Yukon Territorial Government Assessment Report #90512.
- Stephen, J. C., 1988. Progress Report on Geophysics, Geochemistry and Mapping on the RAIN, WIND and SLEET Claims, Left Clear Creek, Yukon. Yukon Territorial Government Assessment Report # 92530.

APPENDIX I

STATEMENT OF QUALIFICATIONS

Statement of Qualifications

I, Scott Casselman, P. Geo., certify that:

- 1) I reside at 33 Firth Road, Whitehorse, Yukon Territory, Y1A 4R5
- 2) I am a geologist employed by Aurora Geosciences Ltd. of Whitehorse, Yukon Territory.
- 3) I graduated from Carleton University in Ottawa, Ontario with a Bachelor of Science Degree in Geology in 1985 and have worked as a geologist since that time.
- 4) I am a member of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of British Columbia, Registration No. 20032.
- 5) I compiled this report from data collected by Aurora Geosciences staff on the Stormy Project during the summer of 2004.
- 6) I have not visited the Typhoon Group Property.
- 6) I am not aware of any material fact or material change with respect to the subject matter of this Technical Report that is not reflected in the Technical Report, the omission of which, would make this Technical Report misleading.
- 7) I have read National Instrument 43-101 and Form 43-101F1, and this technical report has been prepared in compliance with this Instrument and Form.
- 8) I am independent of the issuer applying all of the tests in section 1.5 of National Instrument 43-101.
- 9) I consent to the filing of this Technical Report with any stock exchange or other regulatory authority and any publication by them for regulatory purposes, including electronic publication in the public company files on their websites accessible by the public, of the Technical Report.

Dated this 1th day of December, 2004, at Whitehorse, Yukon Territory.

Scott G. Casselman, BSc., P.Geo.